

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
6	Integrate $\mathbf{a}$ w.r.t. time	M1	1.1a
	$\mathbf{v} = \frac{5t^2}{2}\mathbf{i} - 10t^{\frac{3}{2}}\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{C}$ (allow omission of $\mathbf{C}$ )	A1	1.1b
	$\mathbf{v} = \frac{5t^2}{2}\mathbf{i} - 10t^{\frac{3}{2}}\mathbf{j} + 20\mathbf{i}$	A1	1.1b
	When $t = 4$ , $\mathbf{v} = 60\mathbf{i} - 80\mathbf{j}$	M1	1.1b
	Attempt to find magnitude: $\sqrt{(60^2 + 80^2)}$	M1	3.1a
	Speed = $100 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	A1ft	1.1b
			<b>(6 marks)</b>
<b>Notes:</b>			
<p><b>1<sup>st</sup> M1:</b> for integrating <math>\mathbf{a}</math> w.r.t. time (powers of <math>t</math> increasing by 1)</p> <p><b>1<sup>st</sup> A1:</b> for a correct <math>\mathbf{v}</math> expression without <math>\mathbf{C}</math></p> <p><b>2<sup>nd</sup> A1:</b> for a correct <math>\mathbf{v}</math> expression including <math>\mathbf{C}</math></p> <p><b>2<sup>nd</sup> M1:</b> for putting <math>t = 4</math> into their <math>\mathbf{v}</math> expression</p> <p><b>3<sup>rd</sup> M1:</b> for finding magnitude of their <math>\mathbf{v}</math></p> <p><b>3<sup>rd</sup> A1:</b> ft for <math>100 \text{ m s}^{-1}</math>, follow through on an incorrect <math>\mathbf{v}</math></p>			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>7(a)</b>	$R = mg\cos\alpha$	B1	3.1b
	Resolve parallel to the plane	M1	3.1b
	$-F - mg\sin\alpha = -0.8mg$	A1	1.1b
	$F = \mu R$	M1	1.2
	Produce an equation in $\mu$ only and solve for $\mu$	M1	2.2a
	$\mu = \frac{1}{4}$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(6)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Compare $\mu mg\cos\alpha$ with $mg\sin\alpha$	M1	3.1b
	Deduce an appropriate conclusion	A1 ft	2.2a
		<b>(2)</b>	
			<b>(8 marks)</b>
<b>Notes:</b>			
<p><b>(a)</b>  <b>B1:</b> for <math>R = mg\cos\alpha</math>  <b>1<sup>st</sup> M1:</b> for resolving parallel to the plane  <b>1<sup>st</sup> A1:</b> for a correct equation  <b>2<sup>nd</sup> M1:</b> for use of <math>F = \mu R</math>  <b>3<sup>rd</sup> M1:</b> for eliminating <math>F</math> and <math>R</math> to give a value for <math>\mu</math>  <b>2<sup>nd</sup> A1:</b> for <math>\mu = \frac{1}{4}</math></p>			
<p><b>(b)</b>  <b>M1:</b> comparing size of limiting friction with weight component down the plane  <b>A1ft:</b> for an appropriate conclusion from their values</p>			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>8(a)</b>	Use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{at}$ : $(10.5\mathbf{i} - 0.9\mathbf{j}) = 0.6\mathbf{j} + 15\mathbf{a}$	M1	3.1b
	$\mathbf{a} = (0.7\mathbf{i} - 0.1\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-2}$ Given answer	A1	1.1b
		<b>(2)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Use of $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{ut} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{at}^2$	M1	3.1b
	$\mathbf{r} = 0.6\mathbf{j} t + \frac{1}{2}(0.7\mathbf{i} - 0.1\mathbf{j}) t^2$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(2)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	Equating the <b>i</b> and <b>j</b> components of <b>r</b>	M1	3.1b
	$\frac{1}{2} \leftarrow 0.7 t^2 = 0.6 t - \frac{1}{2} \leftarrow 0.1 t^2$	A1ft	1.1b
	$t = 1.5$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(3)</b>	
<b>(d)</b>	Use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{at}$ : $\mathbf{v} = 0.6\mathbf{j} + (0.7\mathbf{i} - 0.1\mathbf{j}) t$	M1	3.1b
	Equating the <b>i</b> and <b>j</b> components of <b>v</b>	M1	3.1b
	$t = 0.75$	A1 ft	1.1b
		<b>(3)</b>	
			<b>(10 marks)</b>
<b>Notes:</b>			
<b>(a)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> for use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{at}$			
<b>A1:</b> for given answer correctly obtained			
<b>(b)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> for use of $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{ut} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{at}^2$			
<b>A1:</b> for a correct expression for <b>r</b> in terms of <i>t</i>			
<b>(c)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> for equating the <b>i</b> and <b>j</b> components of their <b>r</b>			
<b>A1ft:</b> for a correct equation following their <b>r</b>			
<b>A1:</b> for $t = 1.5$			
<b>(d)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> for use of $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{at}$ for a general <i>t</i>			
<b>M1:</b> for equating the <b>i</b> and <b>j</b> components of their <b>v</b>			
<b>A1ft:</b> for $t = 0.75$ , or a correct follow through answer from an incorrect equation			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>9(a)</b>	Take moments about $A$ (or any other complete method to produce an equation in $S$ , $W$ and $\alpha$ only)	M1	3.3
	$W \cos \alpha + 7W \cos \alpha = S \sin \alpha$	A1 A1	1.1b 1.1b
	Use of $\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{2}$ to obtain $S$	M1	2.1
	$S = 3W$ *	A1*	2.2a
		<b>(5)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	$R = 8W$	B1	3.4
	$F = \frac{1}{4} R (= 2W)$	M1	3.4
	$P_{\text{MAX}} = 3W + F$ or $P_{\text{MIN}} = 3W - F$	M1	3.4
	$P_{\text{MAX}} = 5W$ or $P_{\text{MIN}} = W$	A1	1.1b
	$W \leq P \leq 5W$	A1	2.5
		<b>(5)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	M(A) shows that the reaction on the ladder at $B$ is unchanged	M1	2.4
	also $R$ increases (resolving vertically)	M1	2.4
	which increases max $F$ available	M1	2.4
		<b>(3)</b>	
			<b>(13 marks)</b>

**Question 9 continued****Notes:****(a)****1<sup>st</sup> M1:** for producing an equation in  $S$ ,  $W$  and  $\alpha$  only**1<sup>st</sup> A1:** for an equation that is correct, or which has one error or omission**2<sup>nd</sup> A1:** for a fully correct equation**2<sup>nd</sup> M1:** for use of  $\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{2}$  to obtain  $S$  in terms of  $W$  only**3<sup>rd</sup> A1\*:** for given answer  $S = 3W$  correctly obtained**(b)****B1:** for  $R = 8W$ **1<sup>st</sup> M1:** for use of  $F = \frac{1}{4} R$ **2<sup>nd</sup> M1:** for either  $P = (3W + \text{their } F)$  or  $P = (3W - \text{their } F)$ **1<sup>st</sup> A1:** for a correct max or min value for a correct range for  $P$ **2<sup>nd</sup> A1:** for a correct range for  $P$ **(c)****1<sup>st</sup> M1:** for showing, by taking moments about  $A$ , that the reaction at  $B$  is unchanged by the builder's assistant standing on the bottom of the ladder**2<sup>nd</sup> M1:** for showing, by resolving vertically, that  $R$  increases as a result of the builder's assistant standing on the bottom of the ladder**3<sup>rd</sup> M1:** for concluding that this increases the limiting friction at  $A$

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>10(a)</b>	Using the model and horizontal motion: $s = ut$	M1	3.4
	$36 = U t \cos \alpha$	A1	1.1b
	Using the model and vertical motion: $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$	M1	3.4
	$-18 = U t \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$	A1	1.1b
	Correct strategy for solving the problem by setting up two equations in $t$ and $U$ and solving for $U$	M1	3.1b
	$U = 15$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(6)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Using the model and horizontal motion: $U \cos \alpha$ (12)	B1	3.4
	Using the model and vertical motion: $v^2 = (U \sin \alpha)^2 + 2(-10)(-7.2)$	M1	3.4
	$v = 15$	A1	1.1b
	Correct strategy for solving the problem by finding the horizontal and vertical components of velocity and combining using Pythagoras: Speed = $\sqrt{(12^2 + 15^2)}$	M1	3.1b
	$\sqrt{369} = 19 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ (2sf)	A1 ft	1.1b
		<b>(5)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	Possible improvement (see below in notes)	B1	3.5c
	Possible improvement (see below in notes)	B1	3.5c
		<b>(2)</b>	
			<b>(13 marks)</b>

**Question 10 continued****Notes:****(a)****1<sup>st</sup> M1:** for use of  $s = ut$  horizontally**1<sup>st</sup> A1:** for a correct equation**2<sup>nd</sup> M1:** for use of  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$  vertically**2<sup>nd</sup> A1:** for a correct equation**3<sup>rd</sup> M1:** for correct strategy (need both equations)**2<sup>nd</sup> A1:** for  $U = 15$ **(b)****B1:** for  $U\cos\alpha$  used as horizontal velocity component**1<sup>st</sup> M1:** for attempt to find vertical component**1<sup>st</sup> A1:** for 15**2<sup>nd</sup> M1:** for correct strategy (need both components)**2<sup>nd</sup> A1ft:** for  $19 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  (2sf) following through on incorrect component(s)**(c)****B1, B1:** for any two of

e.g. Include air resistance in the model of the motion

e.g. Use a more accurate value for  $g$  in the model of the motion

e.g. Include wind effects in the model of the motion

e.g. Include the dimensions of the stone in the model of the motion