

SECTION B: MECHANICS

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Unless otherwise indicated, whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

6. At time t seconds, where $t \geq 0$, a particle P moves so that its acceleration $\mathbf{a} \text{ m s}^{-2}$ is given by

$$\mathbf{a} = 5t\mathbf{i} - 15t^{\frac{1}{2}}\mathbf{j}$$

When $t = 0$, the velocity of P is $20\mathbf{i} \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Find the speed of P when $t = 4$

(6)

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8. [In this question \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are horizontal unit vectors due east and due north respectively]

A radio controlled model boat is placed on the surface of a large pond.

The boat is modelled as a particle.

At time $t = 0$, the boat is at the fixed point O and is moving due north with speed 0.6 m s^{-1} .

Relative to O , the position vector of the boat at time t seconds is \mathbf{r} metres.

At time $t = 15$, the velocity of the boat is $(10.5\mathbf{i} - 0.9\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

The acceleration of the boat is constant.

- (a) Show that the acceleration of the boat is $(0.7\mathbf{i} - 0.1\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-2}$. (2)
- (b) Find \mathbf{r} in terms of t . (2)
- (c) Find the value of t when the boat is north-east of O . (3)
- (d) Find the value of t when the boat is moving in a north-east direction. (3)

9.

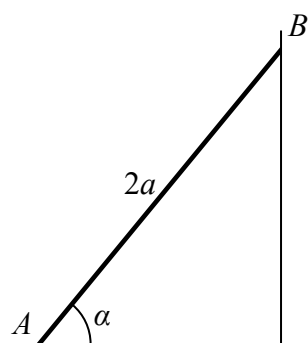


Figure 1

A uniform ladder AB , of length $2a$ and weight W , has its end A on rough horizontal ground.

The coefficient of friction between the ladder and the ground is $\frac{1}{4}$.

The end B of the ladder is resting against a smooth vertical wall, as shown in Figure 1.

A builder of weight $7W$ stands at the top of the ladder.

To stop the ladder from slipping, the builder's assistant applies a horizontal force of magnitude P to the ladder at A , towards the wall.

The force acts in a direction which is perpendicular to the wall.

The ladder rests in equilibrium in a vertical plane perpendicular to the wall and makes an angle α with the horizontal ground, where $\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{2}$.

The builder is modelled as a particle and the ladder is modelled as a uniform rod.

- (a) Show that the reaction of the wall on the ladder at B has magnitude $3W$. (5)
- (b) Find, in terms of W , the range of possible values of P for which the ladder remains in equilibrium. (5)

Often in practice, the builder's assistant will simply stand on the bottom of the ladder.

- (c) Explain briefly how this helps to stop the ladder from slipping. (3)

10.

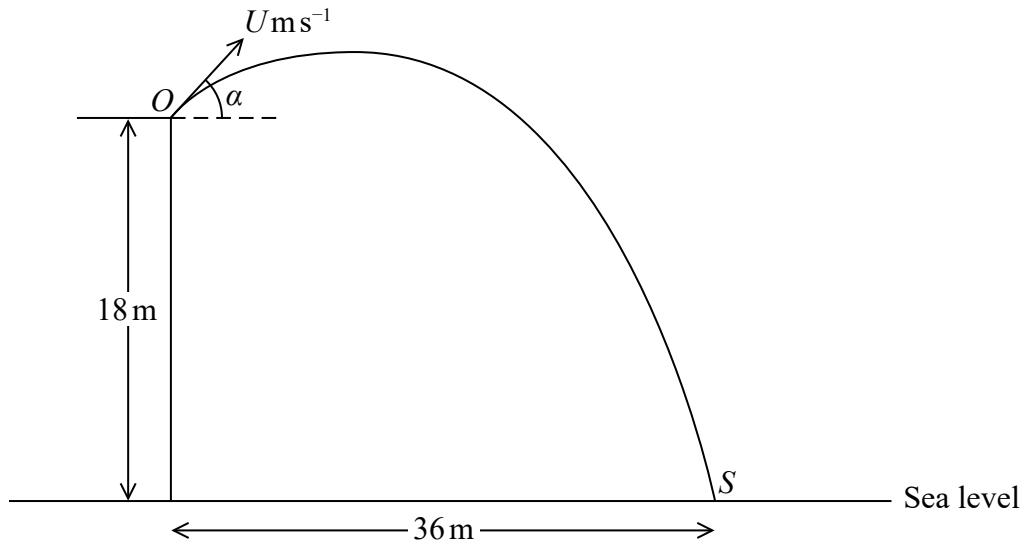


Figure 2

A boy throws a stone with speed $U \text{ ms}^{-1}$ from a point O at the top of a vertical cliff. The point O is 18 m above sea level.

The stone is thrown at an angle α above the horizontal, where $\tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$.

The stone hits the sea at the point S which is at a horizontal distance of 36 m from the foot of the cliff, as shown in Figure 2.

The stone is modelled as a particle moving freely under gravity with $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

Find

- (a) the value of U , (6)
- (b) the speed of the stone when it is 10.8 m above sea level, giving your answer to 2 significant figures. (5)
- (c) Suggest two improvements that could be made to the model. (2)

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