Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE

Friday 19 May 2023

Afternoon

Paper reference

8FM0/27

Further Mathematics

Advanced Subsidiary Further Mathematics options 27: Decision Mathematics 1 (Part of options D, F, H and K)



You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator, D1 Answer Book (enclosed)

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of the answer book with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the answer book provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
 Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.
- Do not return the guestion paper with the D1 Answer Book.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- The total mark for this part of the examination is 40. There are 5 questions.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each guestion.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶





Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the answer book provided.

1.

67 59 46 71 40 48 53 63 45 54 56

The list of eleven numbers shown above is to be sorted into descending order.

Carry out a quick sort to produce the sorted list. You should show the result of each pass and identify the pivots clearly.

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

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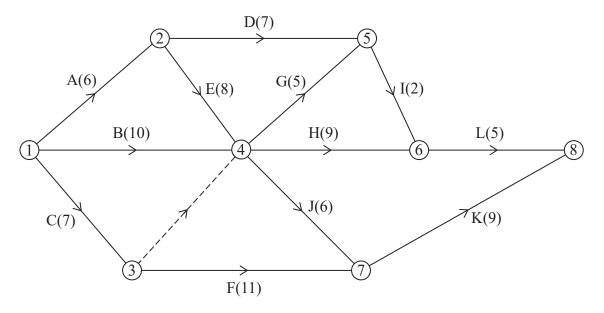


Figure 1

A project is modelled by the activity network shown in Figure 1. The activities are represented by the arcs. The number in brackets on each arc gives the time required, in hours, to complete the corresponding activity. The numbers in circles are the event numbers. Each activity requires one worker, and the project is to be completed in the shortest possible time.

(a) Explain the significance of the dummy activity from event 3 to event 4 (1)

(b) Complete Diagram 1 in the answer book to show the early event times and the late event times.

(3)

(c) State the critical activities.

(1)

(d) Calculate a lower bound for the number of workers needed to complete the project in the minimum time. You must show your working.

(1)

(e) Draw a Gantt chart for this project on Grid 1 in the answer book.

(4)

(Total for Question 2 is 10 marks)

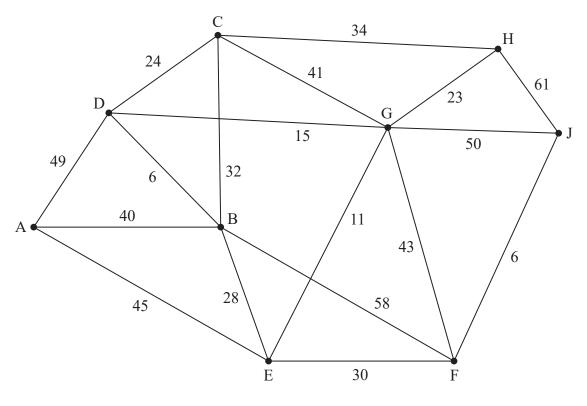


Figure 2

Figure 2 represents a network of train tracks. The number on each edge represents the length, in kilometres, of the corresponding track.

Dyfan wishes to travel from A to J via C. Dyfan wishes to minimise the distance they travel.

Given that Dijkstra's algorithm is to be applied only once to find Dyfan's route,

(a) explain why the algorithm should begin at C.

(1)

(b) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest route from A to J via C. State this route and its length.

(6)

(c) Use Prim's algorithm, starting at C, to find a minimum spanning tree for the network. You must clearly state the order in which you select the edges of your tree.

(3)

(d) State the total length, in km, of the minimum spanning tree.

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 11 marks)

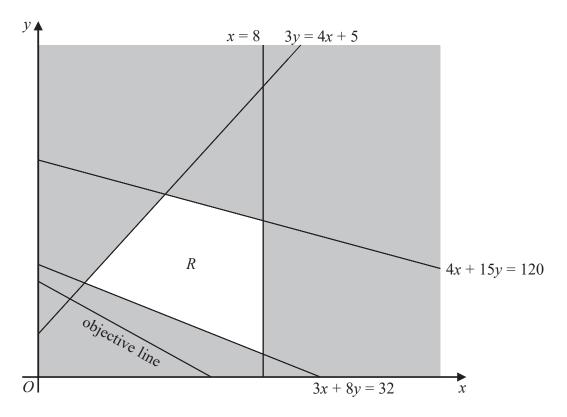


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows the constraints of a linear programming problem in x and y. The unshaded area, including its boundaries, forms the feasible region, R. An objective line has been drawn and labelled on the graph.

(a) State the inequalities that define the feasible region.

(2)

The maximum value of the objective function is $\frac{160}{3}$

The minimum value of the objective function is $\frac{883}{41}$

(b) Determine the objective function, showing your working clearly.

(5)

(Total for Question 4 is 7 marks)

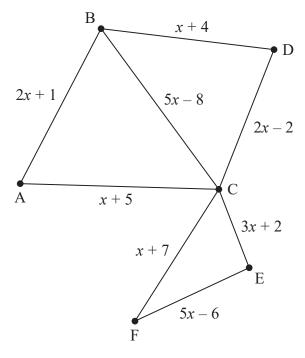


Figure 4

[The weight of the network is 20x + 3]

Figure 4 shows a graph G that contains 8 arcs and 6 vertices.

(a) State the minimum number of arcs that would need to be added to make G into an Eulerian graph.

(1)

(b) Explain whether or not the route A - C - F - E - C - D - B is an example of a path on G.

(1)

Figure 4 represents a network of 8 roads in a city. The expression on each arc gives the time, in minutes, to travel along the corresponding road.

You are given that x > 1.6

A route is required that

- starts and finishes at the same vertex
- traverses each road at least once
- minimises the total time taken

The route inspection algorithm is applied to the network in Figure 4 and the time taken for the route is found to be at most 189 minutes.

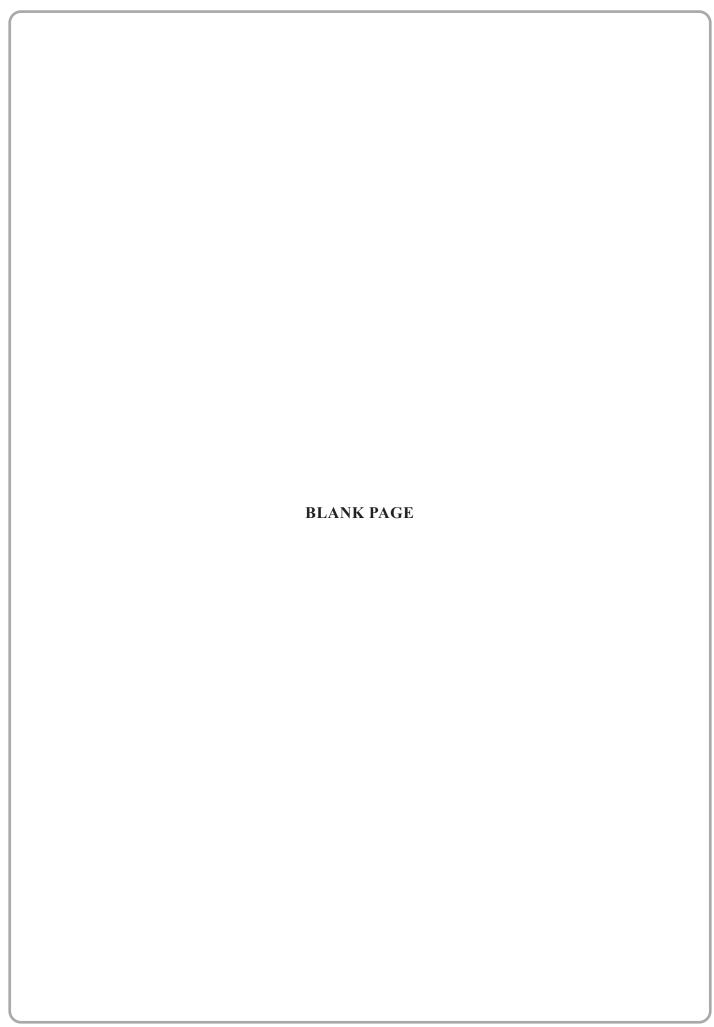
Given that the inspection route contains two roads that need to be traversed twice,

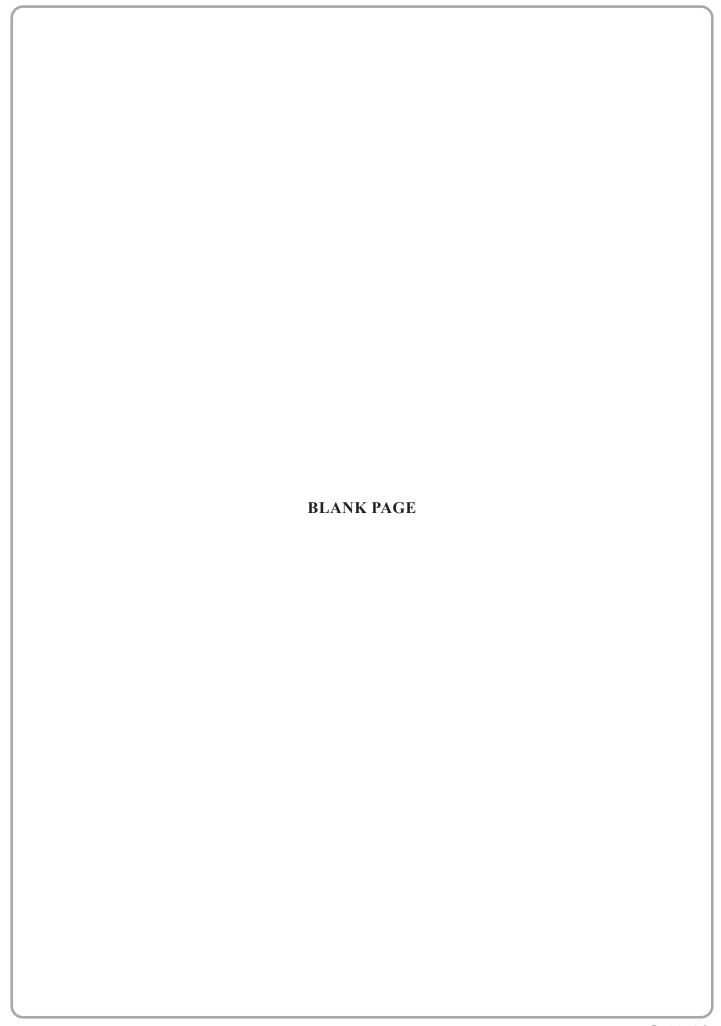
(c) determine the range of possible values of x, making your reasoning clear.

(6)

(Total for Question 5 is 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR DECISION MATHEMATICS 1 IS 40 MARKS





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Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information Candidate surname Other names Centre Number Candidate Number **Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE Friday 19 May 2023 Paper** 8FM0/27 Afternoon reference **Further Mathematics** Advanced Subsidiary Further Mathematics options 27: Decision Mathematics 1 (Part of options D, F, H and K) **D1 Answer Book** Total Marks Do not return the question paper with the answer book.

Turn over ▶



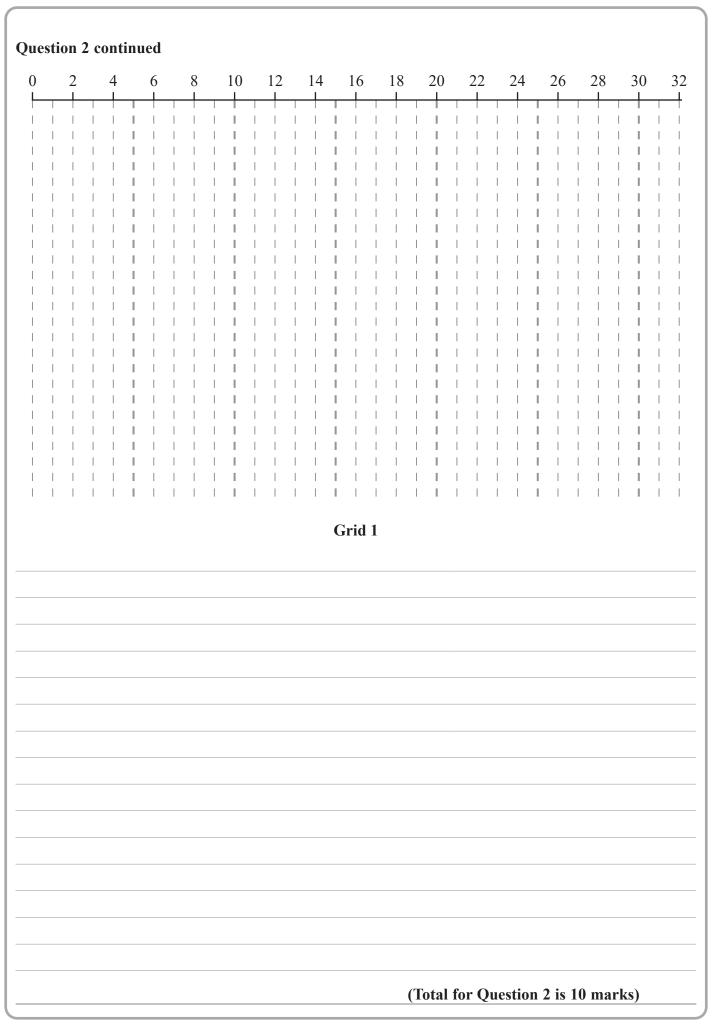


1.											
	67	59	46	71	40	48	53	63	45	54	56

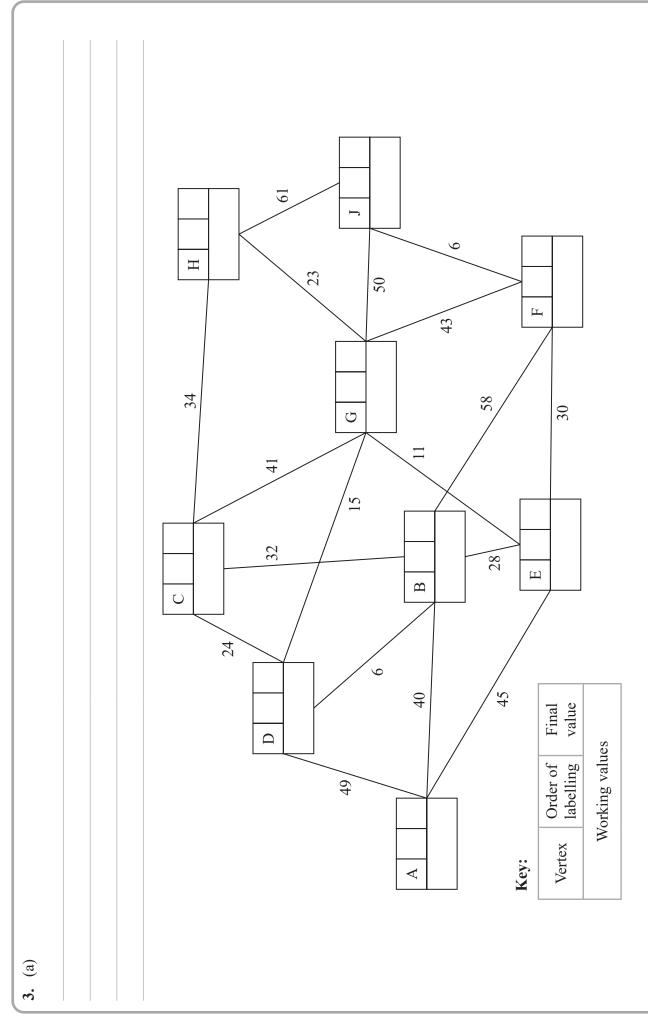
Question 1 continued	
(Total for Q	uestion 1 is 4 marks)



D(7) B(10) B(10) B(19) B(19) B(10) B(19) B(10) B(1	Key: Early event time Late event time Lose
C(7) F(11) Diagram 1	K(9)







Shortest route from A to J via C:

Length of shortest route from A to J via C:

Question 3 continued	
(Total for	Question 3 is 11 marks)



4.

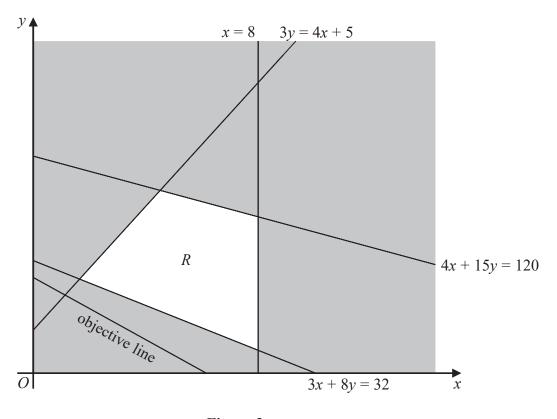


Figure 3

Question 4 continued	
	(Total for Question 4 is 7 marks)



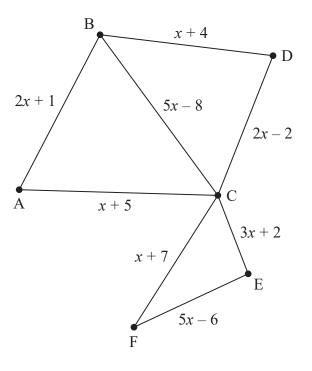


Figure 4

[The weight of the network is 20x + 3]

Question 5 continued



Question 5 continued		
	(Total for Question 5 is 8 marks)	

